

1. The first step is to identify the problem or question that needs to be addressed. This involves understanding the context and the specific requirements of the task.

2. Next, it is important to gather relevant information and data. This can be done through research, consultation with experts, or by analyzing existing resources.

3. Once the information is gathered, the next step is to develop a plan or strategy. This involves breaking down the problem into smaller, manageable parts and determining the best approach to solve each part.

4. After the plan is developed, the next step is to implement the solution. This involves putting the plan into action and monitoring the progress to ensure that the solution is effective.

5. Finally, it is important to evaluate the results of the solution. This involves comparing the actual outcomes with the expected results and identifying any areas for improvement.

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Total Claims Allowed:

11

O.G. Print Claim(s)	O.G. Print Figure
1. A method for determining the relative concentration of a specific component in a mixture, comprising the steps of: (a) measuring the concentration of the component in the mixture; and (b) comparing the measured concentration to a reference concentration.	Figure 1
2. The method of claim 1, wherein the component is a gas.	Figure 2
3. The method of claim 1, wherein the component is a liquid.	Figure 3
4. The method of claim 1, wherein the component is a solid.	Figure 4
5. The method of claim 1, wherein the component is a mixture of two or more components.	Figure 5
6. The method of claim 1, wherein the component is a mixture of two or more components, and the measured concentration is determined by measuring the concentration of each component in the mixture.	Figure 6
7. The method of claim 1, wherein the component is a mixture of two or more components, and the measured concentration is determined by measuring the concentration of each component in the mixture, and then averaging the measured concentrations.	Figure 7
8. The method of claim 1, wherein the component is a mixture of two or more components, and the measured concentration is determined by measuring the concentration of each component in the mixture, and then averaging the measured concentrations, and then comparing the averaged concentration to a reference concentration.	Figure 8
9. The method of claim 1, wherein the component is a mixture of two or more components, and the measured concentration is determined by measuring the concentration of each component in the mixture, and then averaging the measured concentrations, and then comparing the averaged concentration to a reference concentration, and then determining the relative concentration of the component in the mixture.	Figure 9
10. The method of claim 1, wherein the component is a mixture of two or more components, and the measured concentration is determined by measuring the concentration of each component in the mixture, and then averaging the measured concentrations, and then comparing the averaged concentration to a reference concentration, and then determining the relative concentration of the component in the mixture, and then determining the relative concentration of each component in the mixture.	Figure 10

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